

A QUESTION ABOUT Brown's Iron Bitters ANSWERED.

The question has probably been asked thousands of times. "How can Brown's Iron Bitters cure everything?" Well, it doesn't. But it does cure any disease for which a reputable physician would prescribe IRON. Physicians recognize iron as the best restorative agent known to the profession, and inquiry of any leading chemical firm will substantiate the assertion that there are more preparations of iron than of any other substance used in medicine. This shows conclusively that iron is acknowledged to be the most important factor in successful medical practice. It is, however, a remarkable fact, that prior to the discovery of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, no perfectly satisfactory iron combination had ever been found. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, the tonic, cures headache, dizziness, or produces constipation—all other iron medicines do. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Weakness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Tired Feeling, General Debility, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Headache and Neuralgia—for all these ailments iron is prescribed daily. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, however, does not cure in a minute. Like all other thorough medicines, it acts slowly. When taken by men the first symptom of benefit is renewed energy. The muscles then become firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin at once to brighten, the skin clears up; healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular, and if a nursing mother, abundant nutriment is supplied for the child. Remember Brown's Iron Bitters is the ONLY iron medicine that is not injurious. Physicians and Druggists recommend it. The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. TAKE NO OTHER.

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DRUGGIST,
MAYSVILLE.

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Life, Fire, Accident
Marine and Tornado.

The companies represented by the undersigned insure at reasonable rates all insurable property against loss or damage by Fire, Lightning or Wind. Any amount of insurance placed on desirable risks, in—
WESTERN, of Toronto, Canada;
AGRICULTURAL, of Watertown, N. Y.;
KENTON, of Covington, Ky.;
BOATMAN'S, of Philadelphia, Pa.;
and the world renowned "TRAVELERS" Life and Accident, of Hartford, Conn. These companies have all complied with the law, and are authorized to do business in Kentucky.
W. R. WARDER, Agent,
138 1/2 Main Street, Mayville.

T. J. CUBLEY,
Sanitary Plumber,
GAS & STEAM FITTER

Cuble's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,
Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed.
T. J. CUBLEY,
Second street, above Market, opposite Ochsman's, Mayville, Ky.

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Orders promptly attended to. No. 26 Second street. mar16

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KENTUCKY TELEPHONE COMPANY

Has connection with the following places

Mayville, Helena, Mt. Olivet, Maylick, Sardis.

Office in Mayville—Browning & Co.'s Dry Goods Store, No. 2 East Second street.

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BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 26 Second street.

C. W. WARDLE,

DENTIST,
ZWEIGART'S BLOCK.

DR. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,

Dentist,

Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

DR. W. S. MOORES,

DENTIST,

Office Second Street, over Runyon & Hocker's dry goods store. Nitrous-oxide Gas administered in all cases.

T. H. N. SMITH,

DENTIST.

Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street. ap14

QUEEN CITY SHOEMAKERS.

SOME DECIDE TO REMAIN OUT AND THE OTHERS HAVE TO.

Fitters and Lasters Refuse to Obey Cavanaugh's Orders—A Conference in Regard to the Reading Strike—Coke Works to Be Closed Indefinitely—Labor Notes.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 15.—None of Blacker & Gerstle's shoe fitters or lasters returned to work this morning, in compliance with the orders of their master workman, acting under the orders by District Master Workman Cavanaugh. They are declared to be in open rebellion and insensible to threats of suspension.

Blacker & Gerstle say they will pay no attention to the resolutions passed by their employees Monday, but will, if they do not return to work in proper time, fill their places with fitters and lasters from other shops and other cities. The report that Thorne & Company's locked out employees had gone to work is not true. No work is being done in any of the locked out shops.

Hannah Powderly and Garfield assemblies consider themselves out of Cavanaugh's District No. 48 and in the jurisdiction of National District No. 216, and will obey the telegraphic order of Skeffington, master workman of that assembly, not to return to work unless shop committees are recognized by the manufacturers.

Bering & Brother have withdrawn from the Manufacturers' association, and asked their employees to return to work at noon.

At 5:30 a conference of the Manufacturers' association and the combined local and district board was held in Cavanaugh's office. The manufacturers affirmed that after the present trouble was adjusted they would be willing to consider the advisability of establishing a system of shop committees.

The following order was then dispatched to the master workmen of the nine shoe assemblies:

"CINCINNATI, February 13, 1888.

"Brother —, Master Workman Labor Assembly No. —,

"You will, as the executive of local Assembly No. —, immediately upon receipt of this notice order all employees of Messrs. Blacker, Gerstle & Company, members of your assembly, to report for work to-morrow morning, February 14, 1888. There shall be no vote taken on this order. Yours fraternally,

"HUGH CAVANAUGH,

"District Master Workman."

The Hannah Powderly assembly held a meeting Monday evening when District Master Workman Cavanaugh's order was read. No vote was taken. The prevailing sentiment, however, was that no one go back to work.

Late Monday evening Master Workman H. J. Skeffington, of Shoemakers' National Assembly, No. 216, after consultation with the general executive board at Philadelphia, wired instructions to Henry Goodenough to keep all the workmen out until the manufacturers agreed to comply with the rules largely adopted last May, and which were to remain in effect for one year.

This assumption of authority is made possible by a decision of the general executive board rendered in a parallel case with that of the Cincinnati shoemakers, and is based upon a section of the constitution of the order which grants absolute control of the trade matters to trade districts, whether or not the locals are attached to them.

A Reading Strike Conference.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—A conference in relation to the Reading miners' strike was held yesterday between Master Workman M. T. Lewis, of Miners' National Trade Assembly 135 on the one side, and Vice President McLeod, of the Reading Railway company, and President Keim, of the Reading Coal and Iron company, on the other, looking to an amicable arbitration and possible termination of the great strike.

The conference was held in the morning at the Fourth street office of the Reading company and lasted about an hour. The illness of President Corbin in New York prevented his attendance, but his lieutenant of the railroad company and his colleague of the coal company, were vested with ample authority to act for him in the consideration of the existing trouble between the corporation and its employees.

Master Workman Lewis, it is intimated, did not appear strictly in the capacity of a representative Knight of Labor or representative miner, but as an individual interested in the concerns of the miners. Neither of the representatives of the company, Messrs. Keim and McLeod, could be seen in regard to the conference, although attempts were made to gain access to them, and the representative of the miners, Mr. Lewis, declined absolutely, when seen, to speak on the subject.

These facts were learned from a good authority in railroad circles: The meeting was friendly and agreeable on both sides so far as it extended. A preliminary understanding was arrived at, which, it is hoped, will form the basis of future negotiations and lead to a speedy settlement of the strike. The causes leading to the cessation of work by the miners were freely explained by Mr. Lewis, and certain facts were brought to the notice of Messrs. McLeod and Keim, which had not been fully realized.

Coke Works to Be Closed.

SCOTSDALE, Pa., Feb. 15.—The H. C. Frick Coke company notified the labor organizations yesterday, according to the scale agreed to last July, that the following named works would be blown out indefinitely next week: Henry Clay mines, 100 ovens; White, 200; Tip Tip, 121; Foundry, 97; Eagle, 80; Summit, 142; Trotter, 464; Standard, 707; making a total of 1,911 ovens. The action is taken by the company on account of the continued scarcity of orders.

The step is causing considerable talk and comment among the cokers, but they all seem satisfied, and believe that the company's action is for the purpose of keeping up the price of coke. The closing of the works will throw over two thousand men and boys out of employment.

May Go Out to Assist the Miners.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 15.—As the grievances of the mine engineers, firemen, blacksmiths and mechanics generally have been endorsed by the general executive board of

the Knights of Labor, the committee is expected to return from Philadelphia soon. A meeting will be called, to be held here Friday next, of representatives from all assemblies, consisting of the above classes of workmen, to consider the advisability of going out on a strike. National Master Workman Lewis endorses such action.

The company made no effort to start any more collieries to-day. The joint committee has decided to make a supreme effort to get the west end collieries out on strike again.

Compromised After Nine Months.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The strike in Buckley's shoe factory, which caused a boycott on the firm's goods throughout the country, has been compromised and the men who have been out since May, will return to work.

WAS A DAY TOO LATE.

While Being Examined For Life Insurance a New Yorker Drops Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—A medium sized, well dressed man entered the office of the United States Life and Accident Assurance association, 44 Broadway, yesterday and said he wanted to be insured. He was recognized by Dr. Henry T. Boyle, physician of the company, as C. E. Thickstein, who had the year previous taken out a \$1,000 policy. He said he had pains in his head and the physician proceeded to examine him carefully. The doctor weighed him and measured his chest. Before testing his heart and lungs he turned to a small tray of bottles that stood near the window to inspect some fluid.

Hardly was his back turned when the applicant fell to the floor. The physician turned the man over on his back and unlaced his collar, but it was of little avail, for the man died in five minutes, evidently of apoplexy. The body was removed to the police station and afterwards to his home on West Ninety-fifth street. One of the insurance agents said Dr. Boyle had drawn up a \$1,000 policy for the dead man in favor of the latter's mother and of course he had to be examined. He looked as though he might be liable to apoplexy. I have heard of patients dying while being examined for an insurance policy, but this is the first time we have had such an experience. The dead man leaves a wife and one daughter.

Chief Ebersold Resigns.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Mayor Roche, shortly after he reached home last evening, received a note from Chief of Police Ebersold, inclosing his resignation, to take effect upon the appointment of his successor. The mayor says the chief of police gives no reason for his action. It is believed that he will be succeeded by either Gen. Fitzsimmons or Samuel Raymond.

Encounter With Robbers.

BRIDGEPORT, Ill., Feb. 15.—D. S. Porter, a wealthy farmer, and his wife had a terrible encounter with robbers Sunday night near Lawrenceville. Early in the evening Mr. Porter responded to a knock at the door, when a man entered and placed a revolver at his head. He threw his assailant to the floor, and while struggling with him a second man entered and held Mrs. Porter at bay with a revolver. Two more of the gang came to the assistance of their confederates and a terrific fight ensued. Some of the neighbors became alarmed by this time and the robbers made a hurried departure. Mr. and Mrs. Porter were badly and perhaps fatally injured. Several arrests have been made.

Judge Lynch Gets in His Work.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 15.—The Chronicle's Duquoin, Ill., special says: Alonzo Holly, the negro, who assaulted a coal miner's wife in this city, five weeks ago, was this morning taken from the jail at Pinckneyville and hanged by a mob of twenty masked men. He was strung up to a tree standing in the street within the resident portion of the town at about 3:30 this morning.

A previous attempt to lynch Holly was failed by the sheriff taking him to Belleville, from which place he was lately returned to Pinckneyville, on account of his obstreperous conduct while a prisoner there. Holly protested his innocence to the last.

A Boom for Duluth.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 15.—Engineers began to lay out grounds yesterday for the Union Iron company, at West Duluth, where extensive blast furnaces, rolling and rail mills will be built. The company is composed of local capitalists and parties from Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston, and will have a capital of \$1,000,000. The works will occupy eighty-five acres. There will be two eighty-ton blast furnaces, and the steel and rolling mills will be in proportion. It is expected that one of the blast furnaces will be in operation by fall.

Something for Us to Think About.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 15.—Acting on a request from the British government, the Dominion authorities are arranging to make extensive improvements in the defense of the country. A commission with Gen. Middleton as president has been appointed by the government to investigate and report on all the work and weak points along the Atlantic coast and Pacific, and along the frontier of the lakes, with a view to strengthening the fortifications already erected, and to construct new ones where required. Since the confederation of the British North American provinces in 1867 the Dominion government has expended \$27,000,000 on account of the military force, of which only \$1,250,000 has been expended on fortifications and barracks accommodations. The British government insists that this is entirely too small an amount.

Ought to Give Coercion a Death Blow.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Daily News says that yesterday's proceedings in the house of commons ought to give coercion a death blow. The cause of Ireland, it declares, will be ever upon English platforms and in Irish jails, but peace depends upon the faith of Irishmen in the English democracy. The other papers make no comment on the proceedings.

A STREET CAR CRUSHED

UNDER AN ENGINE FROM A BROOKLYN ELEVATED ROAD.

Four Persons are Killed Outright and a Dozen or More Receive Injuries, Some of Which May Prove Fatal—The Accident Said to Be Due to Carelessness.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The most terrible accident that has yet occurred in connection with the building of the elevated railroad structures in this city, took place this morning at 9:45 o'clock, on Broadway near Elerly street, eastern district. The steam engine used by the union elevated company in hoisting the iron girders fell just as a Reid avenue car was passing under it. The engine crashed through the roof of the car and the passengers, among them being several women, were buried in the ruins. Ambulances, fire engines, and hook and ladder trucks of the fire department were soon on the scene and aided in the work of rescuing the people under the debris. A gang of laborers, employed on the elevated road, were also put to work immediately to assist in the work of rescue. Seven people were killed outright and about ten or more received injuries. The wounded were taken to houses and stores in the neighborhood, where they received all the attention possible.

One man was seen in a grocery store with his head crushed in. He was struck by a heavy timber. Another was taken into a nearby liquor store, badly wounded. A lumber wagon had just passed under the derrick when the accident occurred.

The following is a list of the killed and injured so far as their names have been obtained:

Killed—Charles Kirschner, employe of the elevated railroad, No. 190 Fulton street.

Fat. Clark, employe of the elevated railway.

Thomas Thompson, driver of the horse car.

An unknown man; no mark of identification.

Injured—Edward Peate, of New York, cut in the face.

Jacob Bender, of New York, broken leg and arm.

John Freeman, of New York, scalp wound.

Miss Mullie Young, of Brooklyn, bruised body.

Martha Menton, of Brooklyn, brains dashed out, fatal wound.

Thomas Gaffney, broken ankle.

Nicholas, of New York, scalp wound.

Judge Peterson, slightly injured.

Thomas Voeburg, slightly injured.

John Duane, of New York, shoulder dislocated and other injuries.

George Davidson, severely crushed.

John Moehan, severely crushed.

John Fred also received serious internal injuries and will probably die.

It is now learned that the body of the man who could not be identified is that of Michael McAuley, a workman, employed on the elevated railway.

Mrs. Menton, one of the injured, died at 1 o'clock at the St. Catharine's hospital.

John Schaefer, the superintendent of the elevated railway, workers, was placed under arrest.

The accident seems to have been caused by the upright beam not having been sufficiently well secured in the granite sockets, and when the weight of the lifting machines came upon the platforms, they gave way. The wooden beams were examined by the reporters and found to be much decayed where they snapped at the bolts.

The street car, it appears, would have escaped the accident had not a horse and truck intercepted it at the time. The truck horse shared the fate of the car horses.

Coroner Lindsay was early on the scene and made the necessary arrangements for holding an inquest.

The bodies of Kirschner and McAuley were taken to the Flushing Avenue station house. The other bodies were removed to a neighboring loft. They were terribly mangled and presented a truly sickening sight. It is not definitely known how many people were injured, as some of them hurried to their homes without reporting the extent of their wounds, but it is believed the list will reach a total of thirteen or fifteen.

Whisky War in Kentucky.

OWENTON, Ky., Feb. 15.—Owen county has been torn up from end to end over the bill introduced in the legislature to resubmit the local option, which has been in force in this county for a number of years. The whisky and temperance elements are ready to spring at each other's throat. Fuel has been added to the flame by the report that the names of a great many temperance people had been forged by the whisky men to a petition which was sent to the legislature. The coming contest over this promises to be a hot and long one.

Injured By Falling Timbers.

POINT PLEASANT, W. Va., Feb. 15.—Yesterday morning, about 8 o'clock, two men by the name of Triplett and Eberly were seriously, if not fatally, injured by the falling of some timbers from the scaffold on the Kanawha railroad bridge. The men are employes of the Kanawha Bridge company, and were immediately removed to their respective boarding houses, where they received medical attention.

Have Not Yet Found the Treasure.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—A letter to the Herald from Belize, Honduras, says the search for Spanish doubloons by the crew of the yacht Maria has as yet been wholly fruitless. A great deal of digging has been done in the sand of the island Calabash Key, but except for some human bones nothing has been found.

A Quebec Tragedy.

QUEBEC, Feb. 15.—Leger Leclerc yesterday saw a man named Pershon driving about the city with his (Leclerc's) wife. During the altercation between the men which followed, Leclerc stabbed Pershon to the heart, killing him instantly. Mr. and Mrs. Leclerc have been arrested.

Shot His Sweetheart and Suicided.

BERLIN, Wis., Feb. 15.—J. W. Hacker, of Danville, shot and killed Mable Stelke, of Belleplaine, Iowa, last evening, and then blew out his own brains. Hacker was nineteen years old and the girl a year younger. The tragedy is the result of a love trouble.

TERRIBLE DISASTER.

A Drunken Carousal Ends in the Death of Several Human Beings.

HAELETON, Pa., Feb. 15.—News has just reached here of a terrible disaster, the result of a drunken carousal, and by which six human beings lost their lives, at Silverbrook, a mining village about eight miles from here, Sunday night about 10 o'clock. In one of the houses situated a short distance west of town lived the families of Lawrence Maulick and John Deiber, both of whom keep boarders. Sunday they all came to this place to attend the dedication of St. Peter's and St. Paul's new Polish Catholic church, and before returning home became drunk. After arriving home they indulged freely in "polinki," when they became helplessly stupefied, engaging in a fierce fight.

According to the story of one of the participants one of them named John Seddo upset a lighted lamp, which exploded and scattered the burning oil all over the clothing of the inmates. In their drunken condition six of them either did not know what to do, or were too drunk to climb out of the window, and perished in the flames. Their names are John Ellis, aged twenty; John Seddo, aged twenty-five; John Kebinski, aged thirty; Michael Yakovitch, aged thirty; Paul Siskovitz, aged thirty, and Mary Maulick, aged sixteen. Maulick and his wife and infant child were also badly burned, and it is feared they will die. Several other persons who were in the building, were also badly burned.

SOMETHING WRONG.

The Account of the Treasurer of the Philadelphia Elks Short \$6,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—The members of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks are excited over a statement that a shortage of about \$6,000 has been discovered in the accounts of their treasurer, David B. Hilt, the latter is a well known insurance broker of this city, and since 1881 he has been treasurer of Philadelphia Lodge, No. 2. As treasurer of the lodge, Mr. Hilt was the custodian of charity fund, amounting to about \$7,000. This fund has been accumulating for ten years and more. It was Hilt's duty to deposit this money with the Fidelity Insurance Trust and Safe Deposit company, and a rule of the lodge, made it impossible for him to draw it unless he first had the check indorsed by the president and three trustees.

It is now stated that this money has never been deposited. Trustee William Myers went to the office of the Fidelity company yesterday and was informed that Hilt's deposit to the Elks' account amounted to \$1,515.26. Myers at once hunted up Charles E. Jones and Dick Hennings, the other two trustees of the lodge, and they issued a call for a special meeting of the lodge. Mr. Myers saw Treasurer Hilt and he agreed to meet the trustees and bring his books.

Stuck to His Post and Saved the Train.

LANRING, Mich., Feb. 15.—The Grand Trunk train due here at 6:30 o'clock yesterday morning, was nearing Pottersville, running fifty miles an hour, when the side lock of the left driving rod broke, throwing the forward truck from the rails. The fireman jumped, but Engineer Jones stuck to his post. A second later the right side lock broke. With the rods alternately plowing into the ground and shivering the floor of the cab to atoms the engineer stuck to his post. Three-quarters of a mile from where the first lock broke the train was stopped. Had Jones jumped the train would have been dashed to pieces. A substantial purse was raised among the passengers for the intrepid engineer.

A Fatal Mistake.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.—In Grant parish a few days ago, an old colored woman, Mary Driver, poured a quantity of rat poison, which she mistook for cooking soda, into a kettle of boiling cabbage, which was afterwards eaten by her family, consisting of herself, her daughter Grace, two grandchildren and a child named Nelson. In a few hours they were all taken sick. The grandmother, mother and one child soon died. The other children suffered terribly until the following day, when they also died.

A Renowned Artist Dead.

LANCASTER, O., Feb. 15.—John Houston Miffin, aged eighty-one, a descendant of John Miffin, who came from England with William Penn in 1676, died at the place of his birth, Columbia, this county, last evening. In his active days he was a portrait painter, with a reputation extending over two hemispheres, and his literary work was also extensive. He leaves a large estate and five sons.

Counterfeit Silver Certificates.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The secret service division of the treasury department has discovered that a counterfeit of the five dollar silver certificate has been put in circulation. The bill is about three-sixteenths of an inch too short. There are no distinctive lines in the paper. The general appearance is good, and liable to deceive, but the vignette of Gen. Grant is somewhat blurred.

The De Pauw Will Case.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., Feb. 15.—The De Pauw will case, involving an estate of over \$6,000,000, has been settled. A decree will be entered in the circuit court to-day, sustaining the will. Mrs. A. S. McIntosh, the eldest daughter and plaintiff in the suit, gets \$150,000 and her attorney fees, which were \$17,000. The compromise is favorably regarded by the public.

Braxilian Minister to Resign.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The Sun's special from Oxford, N. C., says it is learned from a personal friend of Minister Jarvis that he will in a few days offer to the state department his resignation of his office as minister to Brazil and return to North Carolina to make issue with Senator Ransom for a seat in the United States senate.

A Harp for Riddleberger.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Mr. Riddleberger's desk is ornamented with a large floral harp, presented by the Clanna-Gael society, as a recognition of his efforts against the British extradition treaty.

A Strange Accident.

NEWARK, O., Feb. 15.—Floyd Hand, aged nine years, son of John Hand, residing in Union township, received a fall and bit his tongue through, resulting in his death from loss of blood.